#### **Question: 1**

A San is supporting Windows and SUN operating system. What should the administrator do to support the heterogeneous Oss?

- A. Use zoning to separate hosts.
- B. Have a different fabric for each OS.
- C. Use LUN masking to separate hosts.
- D. Direct attach each host to the storage array

**Answer: A** 

## **Question: 2**

What is the primary objective of the storage capacity planning process?

- A. To demonstrate the effects of changes in storage service levels.
- B. To reach agreement with application representatives and management over the storage requirements.
- C. To produce a capacity plan at agreed intervals which fits into the business planning cycle, e.g. the financial year.

D. To calculate the effects on ILM service levels, array and fabric utilization of the estimated demand over the period of the planning horizon.

**Answer: C** 

## **Question: 3**

What information must be gathered during the testing phase BEFORE allowing live customer data on the storage infrastructure? (Choose two)

- A. Time to failover, both without and with simulated load.
- B. Single points of failure in the infrastructure as well as topology mapping
- C. Hardware and software vendor escalation process including phone-home and /or ticket generation.
- D. Powerup order, how long from power application to functionality per component, including dependencies.

Answer: A, D

# **Question: 4**

Company.com is planning to implement a new service, and needs to deploy two servers in a active/passive cluster maintaining a large repository of data. This data will include three sets of data:

SET 1:Stream type data:3MB Files on average :many thousands

SET 2:Large file data:200KB Files on average: many millions

SET 3:Small file data: 15 KB Files on average:hundereds of millions

The application developer is writing code that is specific to an implementation of clustering that requires block level access. Which solution does not degrade performance?

A. A RAID 5 grouping for set 3, while deploying set 1 and 2 on the same RAID 0+1 set

B. Deploying set 1 and 2 as independent RAID 5 groupings, while deploying set 3 as a RAID 0+1 set

C. Creating a single RAID 5 grouping on the array and using the OS to partition each of the three sets

D. Creating a single RAID 5 grouping on the array and using the array to partition each of the three sets from the same pack of physical har drive.

**Answer: B** 

#### **Question: 5**

Company.com is using host based virtualization to mirror critical data between two vendors disk arrays. Which two scenarios are true? (Choose two)

- A. The host can use the same HBA to connect to both arrays.
- B. The customer can adhere to either vendors SAN design rules
- C. The customer must adhere to both vendors SAN design rules
- D. The host must use different HBAs with different firmware to connect to each array.

Answer: C, D

#### Question: 6

Which three principles best describe data collected during a strategic risk assessment of the Storage environment (including impacts on RTO/RPO)?

- A. Identification of loss scenarios
- B. Probability an include will occur
- C. Procedures to reduce possibility of error or failure
- D. Fault tolerant and resilient IT systems and networks
- E. Documenting acceptable loss levels and severity from a business perdpective.

Answer: A, B, E

#### **Question: 7**

Company.com needs to develop a fault tolerant solution. They have implemented a two server Cluster with application failover. They have two split mirror snapshots of their data and have implemented redundant Fabrics. Which solution should they implement?

- A. Each server in both Fabrics, each snapshot available to one host
- B. Each server in both Fabrics, each snapshot available to both host
- C. Each server in a separate Fabrics, each snapshot available to one host
- D. Each server in a separate Fabrics, each snapshot available to both host

#### **Question: 8**

An error happened in the data center. According to TTL principles, when is your job as storage administrator complete?

- A. When the problem is fixed
- B. When the cause of the error is determined
- C. When the problem is identified and the vendor is notified
- D. When a plan is developed to ensure the error does not reoccur

Answer: D

#### **Question: 9**

A client is consolidating a database server into an existing SAN attached array with 73 GB drives and a default LUN size of 8.8 GB. The server currently uses O/S based volume management on 9 GB LUNs carved from 36 GB drives in a direct attached disk array. The array is connected using two 100 MB/s FC ports. The file systems are set at a default blocksize of 2048. Which would be the most important to address in your design?

- A. Adapt to standard LUN sizes, paying migration penalities
- B. Upgrade connectivity from 100 to 200 GB, incurring upgrade cost
- C. Account for change in access density from 36 GB to 73 GB drive
- D. Determine capacity/performance impact of file system parameters

Answer: A

## Question: 10

Company.com has created a disaster recovery (DR) plan and is synchronously replicating its data To remote facility. Which three must be identical between the remote and production site?

A. LVM

- B. Server OS
- C. File system
- D. Storage array
- E. Server hardware

Answer: A, B, C