

Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Architect

Palo Alto Network Security Architect

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Question: 1

Which approach provides the most comprehensive coverage for preventing data loss across endpoints, network, and SaaS applications?

- A. Network-based DLP only
- B. Endpoint DLP only
- C. Enterprise DLP with policy-based enforcement
- D. URL Filtering categories

Answer: C

Question: 2

When designing global Prisma Access deployments, which factor most directly impacts private application performance?

- A. Number of firewall rules
- B. Regional placement of service connections
- C. Log retention duration
- D. Panorama template hierarchy

Answer: B

Question: 3

An organization needs to inspect sensitive data being uploaded to sanctioned SaaS applications in real time while also scanning data stored within those applications. Which architecture best meets this requirement?

- A. SaaS Security Inline combined with Enterprise DLP
- B. SaaS API Security only
- C. SSPM without inline enforcement
- D. URL Filtering only

Answer: A

Question: 4

What is the primary difference between on-ramp and off-ramp architectures in Prisma Access?

- A. On-ramp handles outbound traffic; off-ramp handles inbound traffic
- B. On-ramp connects users and branches; off-ramp connects private apps and services
- C. On-ramp requires SD-WAN; off-ramp does not
- D. On-ramp is cloud-only; off-ramp is on-premises only

Answer: B

Question: 5

An enterprise wants to provide private application access without exposing internal IP addresses and while enforcing Zero Trust principles. Which design best achieves this goal?

- A. NAT-based access through internet gateways
- B. GlobalProtect full-tunnel VPN
- C. ZTNA Connectors using FQDN-based access
- D. Remote networks with static routing

Answer: C

Question: 6

Which service provides centralized identity awareness for NGFW, Prisma Access, and Prisma SD-WAN?

- A. Cortex XDR
- B. User-ID agents only
- C. Panorama
- D. Cloud Identity Engine

Answer: D

Question: 7

An organization wants to allow traffic only if it can be continuously scanned for malware and exploits, even when applications are explicitly permitted. Which design principle supports this requirement?

- A. Continuous security inspection of allowed traffic
- B. Implicit trust for sanctioned applications
- C. Network isolation without threat inspection
- D. Static allow rules without profiles

Answer: A

Question: 8

Why are dedicated log collectors recommended in large-scale environments?

- A. To simplify policy creation
- B. To improve log scalability and resilience
- C. To eliminate the need for Panorama
- D. To replace SIEM integrations

Answer: B

Question: 9

Which analytics capability helps validate Zero Trust effectiveness by detecting abnormal behavior over time?

- A. Manual log review
- B. Packet captures on demand
- C. Static security rule counters
- D. Continuous monitoring and behavioral analytics

Answer: D

Question: 10

A security architect must differentiate between network segmentation and microsegmentation when designing a Zero Trust architecture. Which statement correctly describes microsegmentation?

- A. It separates networks using physical firewalls between VLANs
- B. It enforces access control at the application and workload level
- C. It relies primarily on IP subnet isolation
- D. It replaces identity-based security policies

Answer: B

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